3 Use Sum and Difference Formulas Involving Inverse Trigonometric Functions

EXAMPLE
Finding the Exact Value of an Expression Involving Inverse Trigonometric Functions
Find the exact value of: $\cos \left(\sin ^{-1} \frac{2}{3}+\tan ^{-1}\left(-\frac{3}{4}\right)\right)=\cos (\alpha+\beta)$

$$
\sin \alpha=\frac{2}{3}, 0 \leq \alpha \leq \frac{\pi}{2} \quad \tan \beta=-\frac{3}{4},-\frac{\pi}{2} \leq \beta \leq 0
$$


$\sin ^{-1}=\frac{2}{3}$
$\sin \alpha=\frac{2}{3}$
$\cos (\alpha+\beta)=$
$\cos \alpha \cos \beta-\sin \alpha \sin \beta$
$\frac{\sqrt{5}}{3} \cdot \frac{4}{5}-\frac{2}{3} \cdot-\frac{3}{5}$
$\frac{4 \sqrt{5}+6}{15}$

