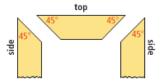




Problem 1 Solving a Problem With Parallel Lines (STEM)

Carpentry A carpenter plans to install molding on the sides and the top of a doorway. The carpenter cuts the ends of the top piece and one end of each of the side pieces at 45° angles as shown. Will the side pieces of molding be parallel? Explain.

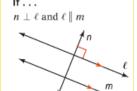


take note

Theorem 3-10 Perpendicular Transversal Theorem

Theorem

In a plane, if a line is perpendicular to one of two parallel lines, then it is also perpendicular to the other.



Then . . . $n \perp m$

Problem 2

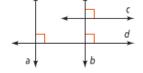
Proving a Relationship Between Two Lines

Given: In a plane, $c \perp b$, $b \perp d$, and $d \perp a$.

Prove: $c \perp a$

Proof: Lines c and d are both perpendicular to line b, so $c \parallel d$ because two lines perpendicular to the same line are parallel. It is given that $d \perp a$. Therefore, $c \perp a$ because a line that is perpendicular to one of two parallel lines is also perpendicular to the other (Perpendicular

Transversal Theorem).





Got It? 2. In Problem 2, could you also conclude $a \parallel b$? Explain.



Lesson Check

Do you know HOW?

- Main Street intersects Avenue A and Avenue B. Avenue A is parallel to Avenue B. Avenue A is also perpendicular to Main Street. How are Avenue B and Main Street related? Explain.
- 2. In the diagram below, lines a, b, and c are coplanar. What conclusion can you make about lines a and b? Explain.

