

CHAPTER

6

Polygons and
Quadrilaterals

6-1

The Polygon Angle-Sum
Theorems

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G.SRT.5 Use congruence . . . criteria to solve problems and prove relationships in geometric figures.

Objectives To find the sum of the measures of the interior angles of a polygon
To find the sum of the measures of the exterior angles of a polygon

Take note

Theorem 6-1 Polygon Angle-Sum TheoremThe sum of the measures of the interior angles of an n -gon is $(n - 2)180$.

$$180(n-2)$$

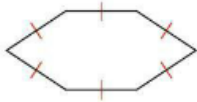
**Got It?**

1. a. What is the sum of the interior angle measures of a 17-gon?
b. **Reasoning** The sum of the interior angle measures of a polygon is 1980. How can you find the number of sides in the polygon?

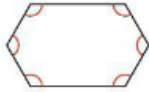
$$\begin{aligned} \text{a. } & 180(17-2) \\ & 180(15) \\ & 2700^\circ \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b. } & 180(n-2) = 1980 \\ & 180n - 360 = 1980 \\ & 180n = 2340 \\ & n = 13 \\ & 13\text{-gon} \end{aligned}$$

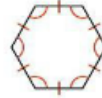
An **equilateral polygon** is a polygon with all sides congruent.



An **equiangular polygon** is a polygon with all angles congruent.



A **regular polygon** is a polygon that is both equilateral and equiangular.

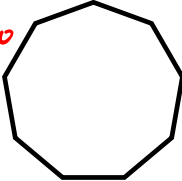


Take note

Corollary to the Polygon Angle-Sum Theorem

The measure of each interior angle of a regular n -gon is $\frac{(n-2)180}{n}$.

Got It? 2. What is the measure of each interior angle in a regular nonagon?

$$\frac{180(9-2)}{9} = \frac{180(7)}{9} = \frac{1260}{9} = 140^\circ$$


Interior \angle of a ? ^{regular} polygon is 108°
 How many sides?

$$\frac{180(n-2)}{n} = 108$$

$$180(n-2) = 108n$$

$$180n - 360 = 108n$$

$$-360 = -72n$$

$$5 = n$$

pentagon

regular pentagon

perimeter = 20 in

1 side = ?

$$\frac{20}{5} = 4 \text{ in}$$

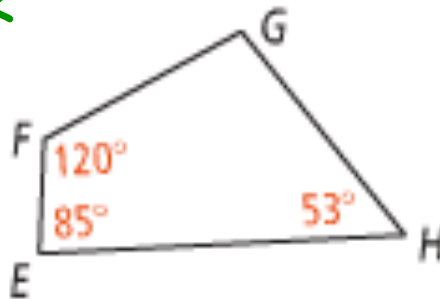
 Got It? 3. What is $m\angle G$ in quadrilateral $EFGH$?

$$180(4-2)$$

$$180(2)$$

$$360^\circ$$

✗



$$120 + 85 + 53 + m\angle G = 360$$

$$258 + m\angle G = 360$$

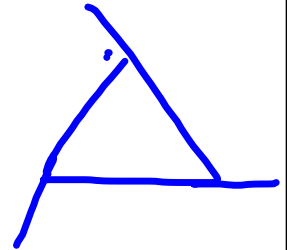
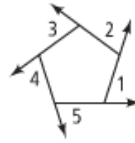
$$m\angle G = 102^\circ$$

Take note

Theorem 6-2 Polygon Exterior Angle-Sum Theorem

The sum of the measures of the exterior angles of a polygon, one at each vertex, is 360.

For the pentagon, $m\angle 1 + m\angle 2 + m\angle 3 + m\angle 4 + m\angle 5 = 360$.



Got It? 4. What is the measure of an exterior angle of a regular nonagon?

$$9x = 360$$

$$x = 40^\circ$$

of Sides n

1 exterior \angle of a ^{regular} polygon = 20°
 How many sides?

$$n(20) = 360$$

$$n = 18$$

18-gon

6.1

Name

pg. 356-357

8-24 even

29-31

32-36 even

Notes 6.2

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