## 5-5 Indirect Proof

Content Standard Extends G.C0. 10 Prove theorems about triangles.

Objective To use indirect reasoning to write proofs
matiretrevorms. In indirect reasoning, all possibilities are considered and then all but one are proved false. The remaining possibility must be true.

## A proof involving indirect reasoning is an indirect proof.

## Key Concept Writing an Indirect Proof

Step 1 State as a temporary assumption the opposite (negation) of what you want to prove.
Step 2 Show that this temporary assumption leads to a contradiction.
Step 3 Conclude that the temporary assumption must be false and that what you want to prove must be true.

In the first step of an indirect proof you assume as true the opposite of what you want to prove.

Got It? 1. Suppose you want to write an indirect proof of each statement. As the first step of the proof, what would you assume?
a. $\triangle B O X$ is not acute.
b. At least one pair of shoes you bought cost more than $\$ 25$.
at keast $\geqslant 1$
a. Assume temporarily that $\triangle B D X$ is acute. b. Assume temporarily that no pair of shoes you
bought cost more than $\$ 25$. bought cost more than $\$ 25$.

## To write an indirect proof, you have to be able to identify a contradiction.

Got It? 2. a. Which two statements contradict each other?
I. $\triangle X Y Z$ is acute.
II. $\triangle X Y Z$ is scalene.
III. $\triangle X Y Z$ is equiangular.

Proof Problem 3 Writing an Indirect Proof
Given: $\triangle A B C$ is scalene.
Prove: $\angle A, \angle B$, and $\angle C$ all have different measures.


Got lt? 3. Given: $7(x+y)=70$ and $x \neq 4$.
Prove: $y \neq 6$
Assume temporarily that

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 7(x+6)=70 \\
& 7 x+42=70 \\
& 7 x=28 \\
& x=4
\end{aligned}
$$

This contradicts the given information that $7(x+y)=70$ and $x \neq 4$.
The assumption that $y=6$
must be false.
Therefore, $y \neq 6$.

Name 5.5

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\begin{array}{ll}
\text { pg. } 319-321 & =4-15 \\
& 18-21 \\
& 23 \\
\text { Notes } 5.6 & 25 \\
31-34
\end{array}
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