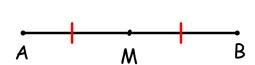
## Chapter 2: Segments and Angles

## 2.1 Segment Bisectors

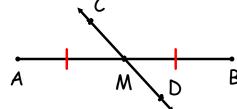
The <u>midpoint</u> of a segment is the point on the segment that divides it into two congruent segments.

A <u>segment bisector</u> is a segment, ray, line, or plane that intersects a segment at its midpoint.

To <u>bisect</u> a segment means to divide the segment into two congruent segments.



M is the midpoint of  $\overline{AB}$ 



CD is a bisector of AB

Example 1: Checkpoint in the middle of pg. 54

The midpoint formula:	

Example 2: Checkpoint at the bottom of pg. 55